Sociological Foundation of education: Its Role on Social change and modernization:

Paper- Foundation of Education code: 05

• Contents:

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Nature of social change
- 3. With reference to Indian society Concept of MODERNISATION
- 4. Causes of Modernization Education
- 5. Impact of Modernization
- 6. Conclusion
- 7. References

Introduction:

• Change is the permanent quality of nature, hardly anything in our nature is static, Time and world do not standstill. change is the law of life. And who look only to the past or the present are certain to miss the future. society is dynamic, man always looks forward to the future in order to adjust himself with the environment, interaction occurs and whenever there is an interaction there is a change.

Nature of social change:

The process of social change is continuous and slow process. There is need of social change in society. Society cannot stop a social change, change is the essential part of society. Social change can be associated with either the whole structure of a society or part of the structure. The speed of social change varies society to society or in different period of time in society. Change in one society encourages other society. Change is a deviation from traditions as some retained while the undesirable ones are dropped. Social change involves not only economic, political, scientific changes but it also involves changes in mode of socialization of individual and a basic change in personality structure of the individual. Social change can be brought about by intelligence and with certain determination. Every individual has certain goal and he want to achieve them. In attempt to achieve goal, he bring about certain social changes.

This indicates that there is definite purpose behind the process of social change. When individuals are concern with the modification in status and role, the stress and strain are produced in them and thereby social change takes place. social change can be brought by any factor like technology, industrialization, religion and ideology,

Change begins with the process of innovation. Innovations involves variation, invention in social customs, conventions, traditions character and conduct of the individual. But we cannot say that any one is prominent than the other. It is difficult to tell about the possible changes in future. Change is the law of nature. Social change is inevitable, social change means discarding some old thing or elements or addition of new Modernization things. Social change may be for the good of society or otherwise.

With reference to Indian society Concept of MODERNISATION:

Modernization is a process of social change which emphasizes rational, secular and scientific approach in one's life. Modernization is a total transformation of traditional society into the types of technology and associated social organization that characterized the "Advanced Economically prosperous and relatively politically stable nations. Modernization is a process by which individuals change from traditional way of life to a more complex ,technologically advanced and rapid changing style of life. Definition of modernization:- According to moor: -modernization as the revolutionary change leading to transformation of a traditional in to the

types of technology and associated social organization that characterize the advanced, economically prosperous and relatively stable nation of the western world. According to Smelser - "Modernization is a complex set of changes that place almost in every part of society as it attempts to be industrialised. Modernization involves ongoing change in a society's economy, politics, education, traditions and religion."

Causes of Modernization Education:-

Education is the most important cause of modernization. Education related to science and technology is the base of modernization. Education develop modern skills and positive attitudes among people. which in turns leads to modernization.

➤ Mass media:- The process of modernisation increase mass media. The development of mass communication including newspapers, periodicals and magazines, T.V., radio, telephone, etc. is an important means of spreading modern ideas at a faster rate. mass media provide new information, new thoughts, new attitude and newaspirations to society which lead them to new achievement.

- ➤ Ideology of the nation: Nationalism and Democracy are much linked with modernization. ideology of the nation also help full to the modernization
- Leadership:- A good leader is able to change the attitude of the people and make them ready to adopt new skill ,new values ,new technology. it helps to gear up the process of modernization.

• Impact Of Modernization: Industrialization and technological development increase in Indian society. English education spread in throughout the country and it influences the people. Mechanism of production, communication and house hold change. Industrialization process increased domestic production in India to a great extent.

Process of modernization and industrialization and technological developments, especially in the areas of transport, means of communication and information technology has made closer interaction possible. Shortening the geographical distances had brought people living in distant areas together. People in the society become more liberal and less restrictive in social life.

Conclusion:

Sociological Foundation is a social process and has a social function as well as relevance. A school is created by the society and the society is shaped and moulded by the school. Thus, education is both a cause and product of society. It originates in the society and it must fulfil the needs and aspirations of the society.

REFERENCES

1. Ahuja Ram (2007) Social problems in India, Jaipur ,Rawat publication.

2. Mathur S.S.,(2009), A Sociological approach to Indian Education. Agra, Agrwal publication.

3. Mathur S.S.,(1971),A Sociological approach to Indian Education. Agra, Agrwal publication